North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services Division of Public Health • Epidemiology Section Communicable Disease Branch



Patient's Last Name



Middle

LEPROSY (HANSEN'S DISEASE) Confidential Communicable Disease Report—Part 2 **NC DISEASE CODE: 19**

First

ATTENTION HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS:

Birthdate (mm/dd/yyyy)

Please report relevant clinical findings about this disease event to the local health department.

ATTENTION Local Health Department Staff: There is no Part 2 Wizard for this disease. Enter all information from this form into the NC EDSS question packages.

If sending this form to the Health Care Provider, remember to attach a cover letter from your agency indicating the part(s) of the form the provider should complete.

Maiden/Other

Suffix

						SSN				
NC EDSS LAB RESULTS Verify if lab results for this event are in NC EDSS. If not present, enter results.										
	ecimen Type ource	of Test	Test Result(s)	Description (comments)	Result Date	Lab Name—City/State				
					1 1					
1 1					1 1					
CLINICAL FINDINGS			DISPOSING (CLINICAL O	UTCOMES				
Is/was patient symptomatic for this disease? If yes, symptom onset date (mm/dd/Palpable enlargement and tenderne nerves Skin lesions Please describe (check all that apply Papule Ulcer Nodule(s)	(yyyy):// ess of peripheral . ☐ Y ☐ N ☐ L . ☐ Y ☐ N ☐ L	Speci		ive conditions?. □ Y □ N □ U	Survived? Died? Died from this	al diagnosis:				
☐ Color of lesion(s) ☐ Erythematous ☐ Hypopigmented Anesthetic and well-demarcated ☐ Y ☐ N ☐ U Other symptoms, signs, clinical findings, or complications consistent with this illness			ness?	an antibiotic for □Y □N □U e:	The patient is: Resident of Resident of Foreign Vis Refugee Recent Imr Foreign Ad None of the Did patient ha history?	TRAVEL & IMMIGRATION The patient is: Resident of NC Resident of another state or US territory Foreign Visitor Refugee Recent Immigrant Foreign Adoptee None of the above Did patient have a foreign travel history? List travel dates and destinations: From/ to				
REASON FOR TESTING Why was the patient tested for this condition? Symptomatic of disease Screening of asymptomatic person with reported risk factor(s) Exposed to organism causing this disease (asymptomatic) Household / close contact to a person reported with this disease Other, specify Unknown			atient hospitali Iness >24 hou tal name: State: tal contact nam none: () date (mm/dd/y	N INFORMATION ized for rs?	symptom(s) wi travel history? List persons a	Does patient know anyone else with similar symptom(s) who had the same or similar travel history?				

Patient's Last Name	First	Middle	Suffix	Maiden/Other	Alias	Birthdate (mm/dd/yyyy)
						SSN
CHILD CARE/SCHOOL/CO	OLLEGE	CASE INT	EDVIEWS/INVE	STIGATIONS	GEOGRAPHIC	AL SITE OF EVDOSURE
CHILD CARE/SCHOOL/CO Patient in child care?	DLLEGE Dr volunteer Dr volun	CASE INT Was the pat Were interv with other Who was ir Friend Date of Locatior Interpret Relativ Date of Locatior Interpret Condition Interpret Date of Location Interpret Were health consulted Who was c Physic PA/FN Medical rec Sources: Hospit Hospit Notes on m	Interview:/_n of Interview:/n of Interview:/en ordsreviewed? Clinic/He Clinic/H	STIGATIONS P	GEOGRAPHIC In what geograph MOST LIKELY e Specify location: In NC City County Outside NC, b City State County Unknown Is the patient par this disease? Notes: VACCINE Has patient/conta vaccine for this	SSN AL SITE OF EXPOSURE sic location was the patient exposed? But within US AL SITE OF EXPOSURE But of location was the patient exposed? But within US

Leprosy (Hansen's Disease (Mycobacterium leprae)

1997 CDC Case Definition

Clinical description

A chronic bacterial disease characterized by the involvement primarily of skin as well as peripheral nerves and the mucosa of the upper airway. Clinical forms of Hansen's disease represent a spectrum reflecting the cellular immune response to *Mycobacterium leprae*. The following characteristics are typical of the major forms of the disease:

- Tuberculoid: one or a few well-demarcated, hypopigmented, and anesthetic skin lesions, frequently with active, spreading edges and a clearing center; peripheral nerve swelling or thickening also may occur
- Lepromatous: a number of erythematous papules and nodules or an infiltration of the face, hands, and feet with lesions in a bilateral and symmetrical distribution that progress to thickening of the skin
- Borderline (dimorphous): skin lesions characteristic of both the tuberculoid and lepromatous forms
- *Indeterminate*: early lesions, usually hypopigmented macules, without developed tuberculoid or lepromatous features

Laboratory criteria for diagnosis

• Demonstration of acid-fast bacilli in skin or dermal nerve, obtained from the full-thickness skin biopsy of a lepromatous lesion

Case classification

Confirmed: a clinically compatible case that is laboratory confirmed

DHHS/EPI #19 JANUARY 2009